

# Inspection Report

9 July 2024











# Positive Futures – Windermere Supported Living Service

Type of service: Domiciliary Care Agency
Address: 36 Crescent Business Park, Enterprise Crescent,
Lisburn, BT28 2GN
Telephone number: 028 9260 6749

www.rqia.org.uk

Assurance, Challenge and Improvement in Health and Social Care

#### 1.0 Service information

Organisation/Registered Provider: Positive Futures	Registered Manager: Mrs Elizabeth Hollinger - Acting
Responsible Individual: Ms Agnes Philomena Lunny	

# Person in charge at the time of inspection:

Mrs Elizabeth Hollinger

## Brief description of the accommodation/how the service operates:

Positive Futures Windermere Supported Living Service is a domiciliary care agency (supported living type) which provides personal care and housing support to individuals who reside in the Lisburn area. At the time of the inspection there were 10 individuals in receipt of a service.

# 2.0 Inspection summary

An unannounced inspection took place on 9 July 2024 between 09.30 a.m. and 14.30 p.m. The inspection was conducted by a care inspector.

The inspection examined the agency's governance and management arrangements, reviewing areas such as staff recruitment, professional registrations, staff induction and training and adult safeguarding. The reporting and recording of accidents and incidents, complaints, whistleblowing, Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS), Service user involvement, Restrictive practices and Dysphagia management was also reviewed.

Areas for improvement identified related to review of care plans and staff supervision.

Good practice was identified in relation to service user and family involvement.

Positive Futures Windermere use 'people who we support' to describe the people to whom they provide care and support. For the purposes of the inspection report, the term 'service user' is used, in keeping with the relevant regulations.

#### 3.0 How we inspect

RQIA's inspections form part of our ongoing assessment of the quality of services. Our reports reflect how they were performing at the time of our inspection, highlighting both good practice and any areas for improvement. It is the responsibility of the service provider to ensure compliance with legislation, standards and best practice, and to address any deficits identified during our inspections.

In preparation for this inspection, a range of information about the service was reviewed. This included any previous areas for improvement identified, registration information, and any other written or verbal information received from service users, relatives, staff or the Commissioning Trust.

As a public-sector body, RQIA has a duty to respect, protect and fulfil the rights that people have under the Human Rights Act 1998 when carrying out our functions. In our inspections of domiciliary care agencies, we are committed to ensuring that the rights of people who receive services are protected. This means we will seek assurances from providers that they take all reasonable steps to promote people's rights. Users of domiciliary care services have the right to expect their dignity and privacy to be respected and to have their independence and autonomy promoted. They should also experience the individual choices and freedoms associated with any person living in their own home.

Having reviewed the model "We Matter" Adult Learning Disability Model for NI 2020, the Vision states, 'We want individuals with a learning disability to be respected and empowered to lead a full and healthy life in their community'.

RQIA shares this vision and want to review the support individuals are offered to make choices and decisions in their life that enable them to develop and to live a safe, active and valued life. RQIA will review how service users who have a learning disability are respected and empowered to lead a full and healthy life in the community and are supported to make choices and decisions that enables them to develop and live safe, active and valued lives.

Information was provided to service users, relatives, staff and other stakeholders on how they could provide feedback on the quality of services. This included easy read questionnaires and an electronic staff survey.

# 4.0 What did people tell us about the service?

During and following inspection we spoke with a number of service users, relatives and staff members.

The information provided indicated that there were no concerns in relation to the agency.

Comments received included:

#### Service users' comments:

- "I like living here."
- "Staff take me out for a walk."
- "Yes, it is good here."
- "I go out to the cinema."

#### Service users' relatives' comments:

- "Generally I am happy."
- "Staff are amazing."
- "We were satisfied with the response when we raised an issue."

"Staffing is lower because of the holidays."

#### Staff comments:

- "I am very happy at work."
- "This is a good wee place to work."
- "Management are very approachable."
- "Service users have a good quality of life."
- There is a big turnover of staff."

Prior to the inspection we provided a number of easy read questionnaires for those supported to comment on the following areas of service quality:



- > Do you feel your care is safe?
- Is the care and support you get effective?
- Do you feel staff treat you with compassion?
- How do you feel your care is managed?

No questionnaires were returned.

Three staff members responded to the electronic survey about aspects of care. There were varied opinions given about satisfaction levels and comments included dissatisfaction about staffing levels. This feedback was discussed with the manager for review. On the day of inspection, the manager confirmed that recently management had been covering shifts within the service.

#### 5.0 The inspection

5.1 What has this service done to meet any areas for improvement identified at or since the last inspection?

The last care inspection of the agency was undertaken on 20 July 2023 by a care inspector. No areas for improvement were identified.

## 5.2 Inspection findings

## 5.2.1 What are the systems in place for identifying and addressing risks?

The agency's provision for the welfare, care and protection of service users was reviewed. The organisation's adult safeguarding policy and procedures were reflective of the Department of Health's (DoH) regional policy and clearly outlined the procedure for staff in reporting concerns. The organisation had an identified Adult Safeguarding Champion (ASC).

Discussions with the manager established that they were knowledgeable in matters relating to adult safeguarding, the role of the ASC and the process for reporting and managing adult safeguarding concerns.

Staff were required to complete adult safeguarding training during induction and every two years thereafter. Staff who spoke with the inspector had a clear understanding of their responsibility in identifying and reporting any actual or suspected incidences of abuse and the process for reporting concerns in normal business hours and out of hours. They could also describe their role in relation to reporting poor practice and their understanding of the agency's policy and procedure with regard to whistleblowing.

The agency retained records of any referrals made to the Health and Social Care(HSC)Trust in relation to adult safeguarding. A review of records confirmed that these had been managed appropriately. One safeguarding investigation was currently ongoing.

The agency had provided service users with information about keeping themselves safe and the details of the process for reporting any concerns.

The manager was aware that RQIA must be informed of any safeguarding incident that is reported to the Police Service of Northern Ireland (PSNI)

Staff were provided with training appropriate to the requirements of their role. The manager reported that none of the service users currently required the use of specialised equipment. They were aware of how to source such training should it be required in the future.

Care reviews had not been undertaken in keeping with the agency's policies and procedures. This was discussed with the manager who has contacted HSC Trust representatives to progress these matters. An area for improvement has been identified.

There was also evidence of regular contact with service users and their representatives, in line with the commissioning trust's requirements.

All staff had been provided with training in relation to medicines management. The manager advised that no service users required their medicine to be administered with a syringe. The manager was aware that should this be required a competency assessment would be undertaken before staff undertook this task.

The Mental Capacity Act (MCA) provides a legal framework for making decisions on behalf of service users who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The MCA requires that, as far as possible, service users make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When service users lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. Staff who spoke with the inspector demonstrated their understanding that service users who lack capacity to make decisions about aspects of their care and treatment have rights as outlined in the Mental Capacity Act (MCA).

Staff had completed appropriate Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) training appropriate to their job roles. There were arrangements in place to ensure that service users who required high levels of supervision or monitoring and restriction had had their capacity considered and, where appropriate, assessed. Where a service user was experiencing a deprivation of liberty, the care records contained details of assessments completed and agreed outcomes developed in conjunction with the HSC Trust representative.

There was a system in place for notifying RQIA if the agency was managing individual service users' monies in accordance with the guidance.

#### 5.2.2 What are the arrangements for promoting service user involvement?

From reviewing service users' care records and through discussions with service users, it was good to note that service users had an input into devising their own plan of care. Service users were provided with easy read reports which supported them to fully participate in all aspects of their care. The service users' care plans contained very specific details about their likes and dislikes and the level of support they may require.

# 5.2.3 What are the systems in place for identifying service users' Dysphagia needs in partnership with the Speech and Language Therapist (SALT)?

A number of service users were assessed by SALT with recommendations provided and some required their food and fluids to be of a specific consistency. A review of training records confirmed that staff had completed training in Dysphagia and in relation to how to respond to choking incidents.

Discussions with staff and review of service users' care records reflected the multi-disciplinary input and the collaborative working undertaken to ensure service users' health and social care needs were met within the agency. There was evidence that staff made referrals to the multi-disciplinary team and these interventions were proactive, timely and appropriate. Staff also implemented the specific recommendations of the SALT to ensure the care received in the setting was safe and effective.

Staff demonstrated a good knowledge of service users' wishes, preferences and assessed needs. These were recorded within care plans along with associated SALT dietary requirements. Staff were familiar with how food and fluids should be modified.

# 5.2.4 What systems are in place for staff recruitment and are they robust?

A review of the agency's staff recruitment records confirmed that all pre-employment checks, including criminal record checks (AccessNI), were completed and verified before staff members commenced employment and had direct engagement with service users. Checks were made to ensure that staff were appropriately registered with the Northern Ireland Social Care Council (NISCC); there was a system in place for professional registrations to be monitored by the manager. Staff spoken with confirmed that they were aware of their responsibilities to keep their registrations up to date.

There were no volunteers working in the agency.

# 5.2.5 What are the arrangements for staff induction and are they in accordance with NISCC Induction Standards for social care staff?

There was evidence that all newly appointed staff had completed a structured orientation and induction, having regard to NISCC's Induction Standards for new workers in social care, to ensure they were competent to carry out the duties of their job in line with the agency's policies and procedures. There was a robust, structured, three day induction programme which also included shadowing of a more experienced staff member. Written records were retained by the agency of the person's capability and competency in relation to their job role.

The agency has maintained a record for each member of staff of all training, including induction and professional development activities undertaken. Following the inspection, the manager emailed to confirm details of training completed and booked for the coming weeks. These matters will be reviewed at future inspections.

# 5.2.6 What are the arrangements to ensure robust managerial oversight and governance?

There were monitoring arrangements in place in compliance with Regulations and Standards. A review of the reports of the agency's quality monitoring established that there was engagement with service users, service users' relatives, staff and HSC Trust representatives. The reports included details of a review of service user care records; accident/incidents; safeguarding matters; staff recruitment and training, and staffing arrangements.

No incidents had occurred that required investigation under the Serious Adverse Incidents (SAI) procedure.

The agency's registration certificate was up to date and displayed appropriately along with current certificates of public and employers' liability insurance.

The records for staff supervision were not up to date and reflective of policy. This is an area for improvement.

There was a system in place to ensure that complaints were managed in accordance with the agency's policy and procedure. Where complaints were received since the last inspection, these were appropriately managed and were reviewed as part of the agency's quality monitoring process.

The Statement of Purpose required updating with RQIA's contact details. The operations manager submitted the revised Statement of Purpose to RQIA within two weeks of the inspection.

We discussed the acting management arrangements which have been ongoing, RQIA will keep this matter under review.

# 6.0 Quality Improvement Plan (QIP)/Areas for Improvement

Areas for improvement have been identified where action is required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care Agencies Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2007 and The Domiciliary Care Agencies Minimum Standards (revised) 2021.

	Regulations	Standards
Total number of Areas for Improvement	1	1

Areas for improvement and details of the QIP were discussed with Elizabeth Hollinger, Manager, and Nicola Johnston Operations Manager as part of the inspection process. The timescales for completion commence from the date of inspection.

Quality Improvement Plan		
Action required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care Agencies Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2007		
Area for improvement 1  Ref: Regulation 15 (3) (b)	The registered person shall ensure that every service user's care plan is kept under review. This should be completed on an annual basis or when needs change.	
Stated: First time	Ref: 5.2.1	
To be completed by: Immediate and ongoing	Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: The SEHSCT identified a Social Worker for the people supported by the service in July 2024. The Service Manager is meeting with the Social Worker on 23 August 2024 and will agree dates to complete person centred reviews for each of the people supported. The plan is to complete these by the end of October 2024.	
Action required to ensure compliance with The Domiciliary Care Agencies Minimum Standards (revised) 2021		
Area for improvement 1  Ref: Standard 13.3	The registered person shall ensure that staff have recorded supervision to promote the delivery of quality care and services.	
Stated: First time	Ref: 5.2.6	
To be completed by: Immediate and ongoing	Response by registered person detailing the actions taken: All staff will have received person centred supervision by the end of September 2024 and future meetings will be arranged in keeping with policy requirements.	

<sup>\*</sup>Please ensure this document is completed in full and returned via Web Portal





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